Manual for the Application of Protection of Foreign Geographical Indication Products in China





Contents

Profile		1
Flowchart for the A	pplication and Examination of Foreign	
Geographical Indica	ation Products	3
Measures for Prote	ction of Foreign Geographical Indication	
Products		5
Geographical indica	ations—Classification and codes·····	20





Profile

Geographical indications, as an important form of intellectual property (IP), play a significant role in enhancing product quality, improving market competitiveness, raising added value, increasing producers' income, protecting consumer rights and interests, and preserving cultural heritage. The China National Intellectual Property Administration has been deeply involved in global intellectual property governance under the framework of the World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), promoting the development of a global IP governance system based on discussion, collaboration, and sharing, actively advancing international cooperation on geographical indication protection, and effectively protecting foreign geographical indication products sold in China in accordance with the Measures for the Protection of Foreign Geographical Indication Products.

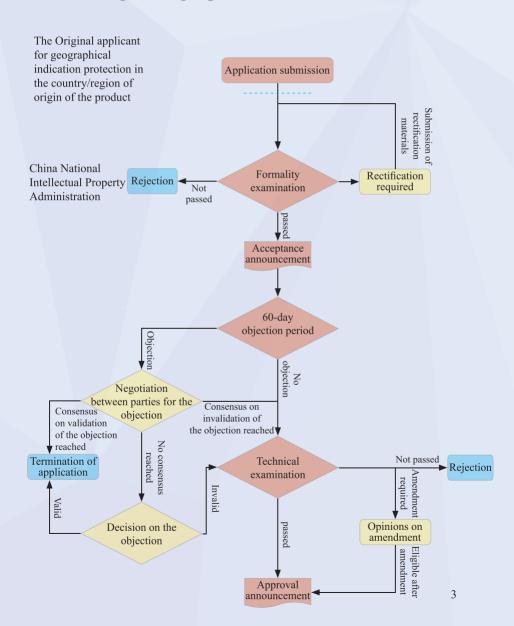
By the end of 2023, 140 foreign products from 24 countries, including European Union countries like Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Germany, Denmark, Ireland, Greece, Spain, France, Hungary, Italy, Lithuania, Austria, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Finland, Sweden, Belgium and the Netherlands, as well as the United Kingdom,



the United States and Mexico, have been granted geographical indication product protection in China. This protection has significantly strengthened bilateral trade relations. According to GB/T 43583-2023 Geographical Indications—Classification and Codes, the categories of foreign geographical indication products protected in China include alcoholic beverages (112 items), meat, eggs, dairy and their products (17 items), oil plants and edible oils (4 items), fruits, vegetables and their products (3 items), aquatic products and their products (1 item), spices and seasonings (1 item), natural rubber, resins, gums (1 item), and other categories (1 item).



Flowchart for the Application and Examination of Foreign Geographical Indication Products







Measures for Protection of Foreign Geographical Indication Products

Chapter I General Provisions

Article 1 The Measures are enacted according to Article 26 of the Regulations on Protection of Geographical Indication Products so as to effectively protect the foreign geographical indication products sold in China, and regulate the use of names and special mark of foreign geographical indication products in China.

Article 2 The "foreign geographical indication products" referred to in the Measures are defined as products that are made outside China, have already been registered and protected by the country or region of origin, and conform to the provisions of Article 2 of the Regulations on Protection of Geographical Indication Products.

Article 3 In pursuant to the Measures, the application of a foreign geographical indication product for protection in China shall be treated in accordance with any agreement concluded between the product's country of origin and the People's Republic of China, or in accordance with any international treaty to which both countries are parties, or on the basis of the principle of reciprocity.



Article 4 The Measures shall apply to the application, acceptance, review, approval, use of special marks, supervision, management, modification and revocation of foreign geographical indication products protected in China.

Article 5 The name of foreign geographical indication products protected in China shall include name in Chinese and name in original language.

- (1) The "name in Chinese" shall consist of the name with a geographical indication function and a generic term reflecting the real attributes of the product, or may also be the name "established by use."
- (2) The "name in original language" means name registered and protected as geographical indication in the country or region of origin.
- (3) The aforesaid names are not generic terms in China and do not conflict with other prior rights including the names of China's geographical indication products.

Article 6 The China National Intellectual Property Administration (hereinafter referred to as the "CNIPA") shall take an administrative responsibility for the protection of foreign geographical indication products in China. Intellectual Property administrative authorities at all levels shall protect the foreign geographical indication products in accordance with their functions.

Chapter II Application and Acceptance

Article 7 The application for protection of a foreign geographical indication product in China shall be submitted to CNIPA by the original applicant for the geographical indication protection in the country or region of origin, with the recommendation of the competent authorities



of geographical indication of the country or region of origin.

Article 8 The applicant for the protection of a foreign geographical indication product may designate its institution in China as the contacting person for the protection, or may request the staff of the official representative institutions of the country or region of origin in China as the contacting person, or designate an agent.

Article 9 Application for protection of a foreign geographical indication product is required to provide the following written documents in Chinese:

- (1) Application form for protection of the foreign geographical indication product in China;
- (2) The name and address, telephone number of the applicant, and those of his or her contacting person in China;
- (3) The original official document certifying the granting of protection of the geographical indication in the country or region of origin and a notarized translation in Chinese thereof;
- (4) The geographical area as issued by the competent agency of the country or region of origin for geographical indication, and a notarized translation in Chinese thereof;
- (5) The technical specifications for the quality of the product;
- (6) Test report issued by the country or region of origin, certifying the sensory features, physical-chemical index of the geographical indication products, and a notarized translation in Chinese thereof;
- (7) Other supporting certifying documents, etc.

Article 10 The technical specifications for the quality of foreign geographical indication products protected in China shall include:



- (1) Names of the products in both Chinese and original language;
- (2) Geographical area of the foreign geographical indication products protected in China;
- (3) Product attributes and its production process and techniques;
- (4) Quality features, including sensory features and physical-chemical index of the product;
- (5) Reputation, the trade and sales of the products in the country or region of origin, China and other countries or regions of the world;
- (6) Link, descriptions about the linkage between the product quality and the natural or human factors of the country or region of origin.

Article 11 CNIPA shall, upon the receipt of the application materials, conduct a preliminary review on the application materials within 30 working days. The conclusions of the preliminary review may be acceptance, requiring supplement or amendment, or rejection.

- (1) If the application is accepted, CNIPA shall issue an official statement and publish a notice on its official website.
- (2) If supplement or amendment is required, CNIPA shall provide the applicant with written feedback, and conduct a second preliminary review after the applicant provides additional information and/or amendments.
- (3) If the application is rejected, CNIPA shall issue a written notification of rejection to the applicant.

Article 12 The objection period for a notice of acceptance shall be 60 days, counting from the date of the Notice of acceptance of CNIPA. During the objection period, any organization or individual in China or abroad may raise an objection in writing.



Article 13 The content of the objection includes: the name of the opponent, the name of his or her employer, the contact information, the reason for the objection, and the evidentiary materials. Objection shall be written in Chinese and shall be signed or sealed as valid.

Article 14 CNIPA, upon receipt of an objection, shall forward the objection to the applicant in time. The objection shall be resolved through consultation by the two parties concerned directly or with the arrangement of CNIPA. If no consensus reached, CNIPA shall organize an expert panel of geographical indications to make a final decision on the objection.

Article 15 CNIPA shall reject the application for objection in the following cases and shall notify the applicant of the objection in writing with reasons:

- (1) If not filed within the statutory period;
- (2) Where there is no clear ground, factual or legal basis for the objection.

Article 16 If an application for objection is rejected, CNIPA shall notify the applicant in writing. If the applicant is not satisfied with the decision, he or she shall apply to CNIPA to make an reexamination within 30 days from the date of receipt of the notification. CNIPA shall make a decision and notify the two parties in writing within 60 days in receipt of the application. The decision of reexamination is final.

Chapter III Technical Review and Approval

Article 17 CNIPA shall organize experts to conduct technical review if no objection exists, or a consensus is reached through consultation, or no objection is justified after the expiration of the publication period.



Article 18 The technical review shall include a conference review and review in the geographical area, with the cooperation of the applicant. The Technical Review Panel consists of five or seven members.

Article 19 During the technical review, the applicant shall invite professional technicians and translators who are familiar with the products to participate in the technical review. The specific time and place of technical review shall be agreed upon by the parties.

Article 20 The conclusion of technical review may take three forms: approval, need for rectification and rejection.

- (1) In case of approval, CNIPA shall issue a notice of approval for the protection of foreign geographical indication products in China, and shall protect them in accordance with the law.
- (2) In case of need of rectification, CNIPA shall provide written feedback to the applicant on the rectification. After the applicant has submitted the rectification materials to CNIPA, CNIPA shall reorganize a technical review or technical confirmation.
- (3) In case of rejection, CNIPA shall issue a written notification to the applicant.

Chapter IV Special Marks, and Supervision and Management

Article 21 Foreign geographical indication products protected in China shall be marked with product name, origin and other information consistent with the information announced by CNIPA.

Article 22 Producers, associations and other organizations within the geographical area of the foreign geographical indication products protected in China may apply to CNIPA for the use of the geographical



indication official symbol.

Article 23 The use of a special mark shall be subject to a self-declaration system. Once the name of a product protected in China and the geographical indication official symbol are used, the product shall be deemed to be in compliance with the requirements as set forth in CNIPA's notice of approval of foreign geographical indication products.

Article 24 The geographical indication official symbol shall be handled in accordance with relevant requirements of CNIPA.

Article 25 The applicant for foreign geographical indication products protected in China shall disclose in Chinese all the relevant laws, regulations and technical standards with which the products comply.

Article 26 The applicants for foreign geographical indication products protected in China shall perform their management responsibility, formulate management measures, and manage the name, quality feature, and use of special mark of the product.

Article 27 Foreign geographical indication products protected in China shall be subject to an annual reporting system. By the end of March of each year, applicants are required to report to CNIPA on the current year's management measures and the previous year's implementation.

Article 28 When a foreign geographical indication product protected in China has a significant adverse effect in China, CNIPA may, if it considers it necessary, conduct further on-site verification of the product's quality and conditions of the geographical area, and the applicant shall cooperate.

Article 29 CNIPA shall disclose information on the protection of foreign geographical indication products in China on its official website, and shall accept public supervision.



Chapter V Protection, Modification and Revocation

Article 30 Foreign geographical indication products protected in China shall enjoy the same protection as Chinese geographical indication products.

Article 31 The administrative authorities of intellectual property at all levels shall receive reports and complaints of infringement of the legitimate rights and interests of foreign geographical indication products protected in China, and the relevant authorities shall investigate and deal with the infringement in accordance with law. Applicants of the foreign geographical indication products protected in China may also file lawsuits with the People's Court concerned.

Article 32 If there are any changes to the important information such as the geographical area, the technical specifications for quality, and the names and addresses of the producers, associations or organizations within the country or region of origin of the foreign geographical indication products protected in China, the applicant for foreign geographical indication products shall apply to CNIPA for changes within 90 days. After passing the technical review, CNIPA shall issue a notice to change.

Article 33 CNIPA may revoke a foreign geographical indication product protected in China under the following circumstances. Any organizations or individuals may apply to CNIPA to revoke it by furnishing the necessary certifying documents:

- (1) The protection of geographical indication products has been revoked in the country or region of origin.
- (2) The names of the geographical indication products are or have



evolved into generic terms in China.

(3) There are serious violation of the relevant Chinese laws and regulations.

Article 34 CNIPA shall reject a request for revocation if the request is in any of the following cases, and shall notify the applicant in writing with reasons:

- (1) There is no clear ground and fact for revocation.
- (2) The application for revocation only involves products whose names become generic terms abroad.

Article 35 CNIPA shall organize an expert panel of geographical indications to consider and rule on the request for revocation. If the request for revocation is approved, CNIPA shall issue a public notice. Otherwise, CNIPA shall send a notification to the applicant and the right holder.

Chapter VI Supplementary Provisions

Article 36 The Measures shall come into effect on the date of publication.

Article 37 The foreign geographical indication products protected in China shall also comply with relevant regulations on entry-exit inspection and quarantine in China.

Article 38 The Measures shall be interpreted by CNIPA.





National Standard of the People's Republic of China

GB/T 43583-2023

Geographical indications—Classification and codes

(English Translation)

Issued by State Administration for Market Regulation
Standardization Administration of the People's Republic of China





Foreword

SAC/TC 554 is in charge of this English translation. In case of any doubt about the contents of English translation, the Chinese original shall be considered authoritative.

This document is drafted in accordance with the rules given in the GB/T 1.1—2020 Directives for Standardization—Part 1: Rules for the structure and drafting of standardizing documents.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this standard may be the subject of patent rights. The issuing body of this document shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document was proposed by China National Intellectual Property Administration.

This document was prepared by SAC/TC 554National Technical Committee on Intellectual Property and Knowledge Management of Standardization Administration of China.





Introduction

The classification of geographical indications serves as the foundation for the approval, protection, and administration of geographical indication intellectual property. This document, following international practices, highlights Chinese characteristics. Drawing on geographical indication classification rules of the European Union, Japan, and other countries, as well as current classification standards for food and agricultural products in China, it proposes the classification and codes for geographical indications of China, which can be employed to categorize Chinese geographical indications, meet the current needs of geographical indication approval, protection, industrial development, and international exchange and cooperation, and promote the high-level protection, high-standard administration, and high-quality development of geographical indications.



Geographical indications-Classification and codes

1 Scope

This document establishes the classification method, code structure, and coding method for geographical indications, and provides product classification codes and product code names.

This document is applicable to the information processing and exchange of product classification in activities such as the approval, protection, and administration of both domestic geographical indications and foreign ones which have been recognized and protected in China.

2 Normative reference files

This document does not have normative references.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

method of Linear Classification

the classification objects are divided into several tiers based on specified attributes (or characteristics). Each tier is further divided into several categories. The categories, within the same branch, form a parallel relationship at the same tier and subordinate relationship at different tiers

[Source: GB/T 10113-2003, Definition2.1.5]



3.2

method of Area Classification

the method involves selecting several attributes (or characteristics) of the objects to be classified and dividing the objects into a set of independent categories based on each attribute (or characteristic). Each group of categories forms an "area", and all the "areas" are arranged in parallel in a specific order. When the method is used, the relevant categories in the relevant "areas" are arranged together according to the specified order of "areas", forming a new composite category

[Source: GB/T 10113-2003, Definition2.1.6]

3.3

method of Composite Classification

the method of linear classification and the method of area classification are used in combination, with one of the classification methods as the main and the other as a supplementary information classification method

[Source: GB/T 10113-2003, Definition2.1.7]

4 Classification method

- 4.1 This document adopts a hybrid classification method based on linear classification. And divides geographical indication products into three tiers: broad categories, subcategories, and detailed categories.
- 4.2 Broad category of geographical indication products is classified according to the functional use of the products.
- 4.3 Subcategory of geographical indication products is the secondary level of the product category, and the categories of the same level are of juxtaposition, and classified by industry category or biological attributes.
- 4.4 Detailed category of geographical indication products is the



secondary level of subcategory of geographical indication products, and the subcategories of the same level are of juxtaposition, and classified according to processing technology or biological attributes.

5 Code structure and coding method

5.1 Code structure

The method of linear classification is adopted, as shown in Figure 1.

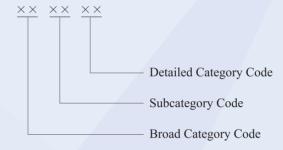


Figure 1 Geographical indication product classification code structure

5.2 Coding method

A hierarchical encoding approach is used, employing Arabic numeral codes. The codes for each tier are as follows:

The first tier is the broad categories of products, represented by the 1st-2nd digit code;

The second tier is the subcategories of products, which is represented by the 3rd-4th digit code;

The third tier is the detailed categories of products, represented by the 5th-6th digit code;

From the first to third tier, each tier in principle is a two-digit sequential



code of 01-99, and the product containing "other" is the containment item of the upper tier of products, which is indicated by the code "99".

6 Product classification code and name

- 6.1 Geographical indications are divided into five broad categories: edible agricultural and forest products and food, non-edible agricultural and forest products, Chinese medicinal materials, handicrafts and other products. The product classification code and name are shown in Table 1.
- 6.2 The geographical indication product classification and international Nice classification references are shown in Annex A.

Table 1 Geographical indication product classification codes and names

Code	Name	Description	Example	
01	Edible agricultural and forest products and food			
0101	Tea			
010101	Green tea	_	Longjing Cha(Longjing Tea)	
010102	Black tea	_	Tanyang Gong Fu(Tanyang GongFu Black Tea)	
010103	Yellow tea	_	Yueyang Huang Cha(Yueyang Yellow Tea)	
010104	White tea	_	Fuding Bai Cha(Fuding White tea)	
010105	Oolong tea	_	Anxi Tie Guan Yin	
010106	Dark tea	_	Anhua Hei Cha(Anhua Dark Tea)	
010107	Reprocessed tea	Flower tea is included	Fuzhou Mo Li Hua Cha(Fuzhou Jasmine Tea)	
010199	Other teas	_	_	



Code	Name	Description	Example	
0102	Alcoholic beverages			
010201	Baijiu	Flavored Baijiu is not included	Moutai Jiu/Kweichow Moutai Jiu(Moutai Liquor/Kweichow Moutai Liquor), Wu Liang Ye(Wuliangye Liquor)	
010202	Huangjiu	_	Shaoxing Jiu/Shaoxing Huang Jiu(Shaoxing Rice Wine)	
010203	Wines	Aromatized wines is included	Helanshan Dong Lu Pu Tao Jiu(Wine in Helan Mountain East Region), Napa Valley Wines(USA)	
010204	Fruit wine	Grape wine is not included	Wuying Du Shi Guo Jiu(Wuying Blueberry Wine)	
010205	Beer	_	Budějovické pivo (Czech Republic)	
010206	Integrated alcoholic beverages	_	Irish Cream (Ireland)	
010207	Lujiu	_	Yandongguan Wu Jia Pi Jiu(Yandongguan Wujiapi Mixed Liquor)	
010299	Other alcoholic beverages	Other distilled alcoholic drinks and fermented alcoholic drinks are included	Cognac (France), Tequila (Mexico), Scotch whisky (UK)	
0103	Grain and derived products			
010301	Rice, flour and derived products	Derived products made by traditional local fermentation and maturation process	Wuchang Da Mi(Wuchang Rice), Zhongjiang Gua Mian(Zhongjiang dried Noodles)	



Code	Name	Description	Example	
010302	Beans and derived products	Derived products made by traditional local fermentation processes	Baicheng Lü Dou(Baicheng Mun Bean), Longkou Fen Si(Longkou Vermicelli)	
010303	Tubers and derived products	Derived products made by traditional local fermentation processes	Enshi Ma Ling Shu(Enshi Potato) Guanyang Hong Shu Fen(Guanyan Sweet Potato Vermicelli)	
010304	Miscellaneous grains and derived products	_	Qinzhou Huang Xiao Mi(Qinzhou Yellow Millet), WeiningQiao Mai(Weining Buckwheat), Luolong Zan Ba(Luolong Tsamba)	
010399	Other grains and derived products	_	_	
0104	Fruits and vegetables and derived products			
010401	O1 Fresh fruits Ganna		Yantai Ping Guo(Yantai Apple), Gannan Qi Cheng(Gannan Navel Orange), Pêra Rocha do Oeste (Portugal)	
010402	2 Fruit-derived — Fuping Shi Bing(Fup		Turpan Pu Tao Gan(Turpan Raisin), Fuping Shi Bing(Fuping Dried Persimmon)	
010403	Fresh vegetables	_	Zhecheng La Jiao(Zhecheng Chili), Lički krumpir (Croatia)	



Code	Name	Description	Example
010404	Vegetable-derived products	Products made by local traditional fermentation processes such as salting, pickling, etc.	Fuling Zha Cai(Fuling Hot Pickled Mustard Tuber)
010405	Edible fungi and derived products	_	Jiayin Mu Er(Jiayin Fungus)
010499	Other fruits, vegetables and derived products	_	
0105	Meat, eggs, milk and derived products		
010501	Fresh meats	_	Tongliao Fei Niu(Tongliao Beef),Wuzhumuqin Yang Rou(Wuzhumuqin mutton)
010502	Meat products	Products made by local traditional process such as pickling, cooking, smoking	Jinhua Huo Tui(Jinhua Ham), Mingxi Rou Fu Gan(Mingxi Dried Jerky Meat)
010503	Eggs and egg products	Egg products made by traditional local techniques such as pickling	Jiuyuan Hei Ji Dan(Jiuyuan Egg),Gaoyou Xian Ya Dan(Gaoyou Salted Duck Egg)
010504	Milk and dairy products	_	Hongyuan Mao Niu Nai(Hongyuan Yak Milk),Zhenglanqi Nai Dou Fu(Zhenglanqi Milk Curd), Edam Holland(Netherlands)



Code	Name	Description	Example	
010599	Other meats, eggs, milk and derived products	_	_	
0106	Aquatic products and derived products			
010601	live, fresh and frozen products	_	Ningde Da Huang Yu(Ningde Large yellow Croaker),Yangchenghu Da Zha Xie(Yangcheng Lake Crab)	
010602	Dried products		Rudong Tiao Ban Zi Cai (Rudong Porphyra Yezoensis)	
010603	Pickled products	Products pickled by traditional local techniques	Jinping Yan Yu(Jinping Salted Fish)	
010699	Other aquatic products and derived products		Dahao Yu Wan(Dahao Fish Ball)	
0107	Bee products			
010701	Honey	_	Linzhi Feng Mi(Linzhi Honey), Slovenski Med (Slovenija)	
010799	Other bee products	_	Changge Feng Jiao(Changge Propolis)	
0108	Spices and condiments			
010801	Spices	_	Luoding Rou Gui(Luoding Cinnamon)	
010802	Condiments	_	Zhenjiang Xiang Cu(Zhenjiang Aromatic Vinegar),Pixian Dou Ban(Pixian Bean Paste), Aceto balsamico di Modena(Italy)	
010899	Other spices and condiments	_	_	



Code	Name	Description Example	
0109	Oil and edible oil		
010901	Oil plants	_	Wudu You Gan Lan(Wudu Olive)
010902	Edible vegetable oils	_	Changshan Shan Cha You(Changshan Camellia Oil),Dazhou Gan Lan You(Dazhou Olive Oil), Steirisches Kürbiskernöl (Austria)
010903	Edible animal fat	_	_
010999	Other oils and edible oils	_	_
0110	Nuts, seeds and derived products		
011001	Nuts and derived products	_	Longlin Ban Li(Longlin Chestnut), Huanren Da Zhen Zi(Huanren Hazel-nut)
011002	Seeds and derived products		Baoqing Da Bai Ban Nan Gua Zi(Baoqing Large White Pumpkin Seeds),Gannan Kui Hua Zi(Gannan Sunflower Seed)
011099	Others	_	_
0111	Coffee, candy, pastry		
011101	Coffee		Baoshan Xiao Li Ka Fei(Baoshan Arabica Coffee)
011102	Candy	_	Liuqu Qiong Guo Tang(Liuqu Sesame-made Sugar),Miyi Hong Tang(Miyi Brown Sugar), Turrón de Alicante(Spain)
011103	Pastry	_	Wuchuan Yue Bing(Wuchuan Mooncake),Jiaxing Zong Zi(Jiaxing Zongzi), Nürnberger Lebkuchen(Germany)
011199	Others	_	_



Code	Name	Description	Example	
0112	Natural mineral water		Bama Kuang Quan Shui(Bama Mineral Water)	
0199	Other edible agricultural and forestry products and food			
02	Inedible agricultural and forestry products			
0201	Natural fibers	_	Shiquan Can Si(Shiquan Silk),Sunwu Han Ma(Sunwu Hemp)	
0202	Trees, flowers	_	Zhangzhou Shui Xian Hua(Zhangzhou Narcissus)	
0203	Skin, fur	_	Daying Qiu Pi(Daying Fur)	
0204	Essential oil	_	Yili Xun Yi Cao Jing You(Yili Lavender Essential Oil), Българско розово масло (Bulgarsko rozovo maslo) (Bulgaria)	
0205	Natural rubber, resin, gum	_	Μαζηίτα Χίοσ / Masticha Chiou (Greece)	
0299	Other inedible agricultural and forestry products	_	Suichang Zhu Tan(Suichang Bamboo Charcoal)	
03	Chinese medicinal materials			
0301	Chinese medicinal materials of plant origin	_	Xinhui Chen Pi(Xinhui Orange Peel), Wenshan San Qi(Wenshan notoginseng)	
0302	Chinese medicinal materials of animal origin	_	Fushun Ha Shi Ma(Fushun Chinese forest frog), Qingyuan Ma Lu Rong(Qingyuan Red Deer Pilose Antler)	



Code	Name	Description	Example
0399	Other Chinese medicinal materials and derived products	_	_
04	Handicrafts		
0401	Ceramic vessels		Yixing Zi Sha(Yixing Purple- clay Ware), Dehua Bai Ci(White Porcelains of Dehua)
0402	Jade jewelry		Hetian Yu(Hetian Jade), Hepu Nan Zhu(Hepu South Pear)
0403	Fireworks		Liuyang Hua Pao(Liuyang Fireworks)
0404	Textile, weaving and embroidery	_	Yun Jin(Yun Brocade), Shu Xi(Shu Mat), Shu Xiu(Shu Embroider)
0405	Paintings	_	Regong Thang Ka(Regong Thangka)
0406	Raw stone and derived products		Ying Shi(Ying Stone), Lingbi Shi(Lingbi Stone)
0407	Incense products	_	Nimu Zang Xiang(Nimu Incense)
0408	Writing brushes, ink sticks, paper and inkstones	_	Xuan Zhi(Xuan Paper), Duan Yan(Duan Inkstone), Hu Bi(Hu Writing Brush)
0409	Traditional musical instruments		Zhongtai Zhu Di(Zhongtai Bamboo Flute), Lianghe Hu Lu Si(Lianghe Cucurbit Flute)
0499	Other handicrafts	_	Laifeng Qi Kuai (Laifeng Lacquer Chopsticks)
05	Others		Zatecký chmel (Cyprus)



Annex A (Informative) Geographical Indication Classification and International Nice Classification Referential Relationship

A.1 Referential Relationship of Geographical Indication Classification and International Nice Classification

The Referential Relationship between Geographical Indication Classification and International Nice Classification references is shown in Table A 1

Table A.1 Referential Relationship between Geographical Indication Classification and International Nice Classification

Name	Geographical indication product classification codes	Nice Classification codes	Nice category titles
Edible agricultural and forestry products and food	01		
Tea	0101		
Green tea	010101	3002	Green tea
Black tea	010102	3002	Black tea



Name	Geographical indication product classification codes	Nice Classification codes	Nice category titles
Yellow tea	010103	3002	Yellow tea
White tea	010104	3002	White tea
Oolong tea	010105	3002	Tie Guan Yin
Dark tea	010106	3002	Dark tea
Reprocessed tea	010107	3002	Jasmine tea
Other teas	010199	3002	Tea
Alcoholic beverages	0102		
Baijiu	010201	3301	Baijiu
Huangjiu	010202	3301	Chinese Rice wine
Wines	010203	3301	Wines
Fruit wine	010204	3301	Fruit wine
Beer	010205	3201	Beer
Integrated alcoholic beverages	010206	3301	Liqueur, aniseed wine
Lujiu	010207	3301	Wu Jia Pi Jiu (Chinese Mixed Liquor)
Other alcoholic beverages	010299		
Grain and derived products	0103		
Rice, flour and derived products	010301	3008,3009	Rice, dried noodles
Beans and derived products	010302	2913	Mung bean, vermicelli
Tubers and derived products	010303	3012	Potato flour, sweet potato flour



Name	Geographical indication product classification codes	Nice Classification codes	Nice category titles
Miscellaneous grains and derived products	010304	3008	Millet, processed buckwheat
Other grains and derived products	010399		
Fruits and vegetables and derived products	0104		
Fresh fruits	010401	3105	Raw apples, fresh navel oranges
Fruit-derived products	010402	2904	Raisin
Fresh vegetables	010403	3106	Raw vegetables
Vegetable- derived products	010404	2903,2905	Pickled mustard tuber
Edible fungi and derived products	010405	2912	Wood ear
Other fruits, vegetables and derived products	010499		
Meat, eggs, milk and derived products	0105		
Fresh meat	010501	2901	Beef, lamb
Meat product	010502	2901,2903	Ham, preserved meat
Eggs and egg products	010503	2906	Duck eggs, chicken eggs
Milk and dairy product	010504	2907	Milk, milk products, cheese



Name	Geographical indication product classification codes	Nice Classification codes	Nice category titles
Other meat, eggs, milk and derived products	010599		
Aquatic products and derived products	0106		
live, fresh and frozen products	010601	3104	fresh fish, hairy crabs (live)
Dried product	010602	2902	Nori
Pickled product	010603	2902	Salted fish
Other aquatic products and derived products	010699	3104,2902	Live fish, salted fish
Bee products	0107		
Honey	010701	3005	Honey
Other bee products	010799		
Spices and condiments	0108		
Spices	010801	3018	Sichuan pepper (condiments)
Condiments	010802	3014, 3015,3 016	Vinegar, seasoned bean paste
Other spices and condiments	010899		
Oil and cooking oil	0109		
Oil plants	010901	2908	Fresh olives
Edible vegetable oils	010902	2908	Edible camellia oil and olive oil



Name	Geographical indication product classification codes	Nice Classification codes	Nice category titles
Edible animal fat	010903	2908	Cheese
Other oils and edible oils	010999		
Nuts, seeds and derived products	0110		
Nuts and derived products	011001	2911,3105	Processed nuts, unprocessed nuts, sugared nuts, baked nuts, seasoned nuts
Seeds and derived products	011002	2911	Processed edible seeds, processed pumpkin seeds, processed sunflower seeds
Others	011099		
Coffee, candy, pastry	0111		
Coffee	011101	3001	Coffee
Candy	011102	3004	Candy (sweets), brown sugar
Pastry	011103	3006	Mooncakes, Zongzi
Others	011199		
Natural mineral water	0112	3202	Mineral water (beverage)
Other edible agricultural and forestry products and food	0199		
Inedible agricultural and forestry products	02		



Name	Geographical indication product classification codes	Nice Classification codes	Nice category titles
Natural fibers	0201	2301, 2302, 2303	Wild silk yarn, hemp base blended thread and yarn
Trees, flowers	0202	3103	Flowers, roses
Skin, fur	0203	1801	Fur
Essential oil	0204	0305	Essential oils
Natural rubber, resin, gum	0205	1701, 1703, 0207	Natural rubber, semi-processed natural resin, natural resin, gum resin
Other inedible agricultural and forestry products	0299		
Chinese medicinal materials	03		
Chinese medicinal materials of plant origin	0301	0501	Medicinal herbs/Chinese traditional medicinal herbs
Chinese medicinal materials of animal origin	0302	0501	Medicinal herbs/Chinese traditional medicinal herbs, medicinal deer antler velvet
Other Chinese medicinal materials and derived products	0399	0501	Medicinal herbs/Chinese traditional medicinal herbs
Handicrafts	04		



Name	Geographical indication product classification codes	Nice Classification codes	Nice category titles
Ceramic vessels	0401	2103, 2104, 2105	Pottery, porcelain, teapots
Jade jewelry	0402	1403	Jade (jewelry), pearl (jewelry)
Fireworks	0403	1303	Firecrackers
Textile, weaving and embroidery	0404	2005,2401, 2403,2404, 2406,2701,270	Brocade, embroidery, bamboo crafts, silk art, silk carpets, textile square carpets
Paintings	0405	2802	Movable dolls, action doll toys
Raw stone and derived products	0406	21902	Natural stone
Incense products	0407	0308, 0305	Joss sticks/ Incense for Buddhist rituals, fumigating sticks, natural perfume
Writing brushes, ink sticks, paper and inkstones	0408	1612,1614, 1605	Paper, ink, inkstone, writing brushes
Traditional musical instruments	0409	1501	Bamboo flute, Chinese bamboo flute, bamboo vertical wind instrument (Sheng)
Other handicrafts	0499		



Bibliography

- [1] GB/T 7635.1-2002 National Major Product Classification and Code Part 1: Transportable Products.
- [2] GB/T 10113-2003 General terminology for classification and coding.
- [3] GB/T17204-2021 Terminology and classification of Beverage Liquor.
- [4] GB/T 20903-2007 Classification of seasonings.
- [5] GB/T 30766-2014 Classification of tea.
- [6] GB/T 41545-2022 Classification and names of aquatic products and processed aquatic products.
- [7] NY/T 3177-2018 Classification and coding of agricultural products.
- [8] Pharmacopoeia of the People's Republic of China 2020.
- [9] Regulations on the Protection of Geographical Indication Products (Order No. 78 of the former General Administration of Quality Supervision, Inspection and Quarantine of the People's Republic of China).
- [10] Announcement of the State Administration for Market Regulation on Revising and Publishing the Classification Catalogue of Food Production Licenses (Announcement No. 8 of 2020 of the State Administration for Market Regulation).
- [11] LIU Zhang, TONG Ren-Ping, HU Peng, Pan Ying. Classification of aquatics and aquatic products in domestic and overseas[J]. Journal of Food Safety and Quality,2016,7(07):2634-2644.



- [12] Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No.668-2014 of laying down rules for the application of Regulation (EU) No.1151-2012.
- [13] Geographical Indication(GI) protection system. Explanation Note for GI Application Process. Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries(MAFF) of Japan. June, 2019.